

# LGF SERVICES LIMITED

21<sup>st</sup> ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25



Annual Report 2024-25

# **Board of Directors**

M. Ramaswamy

K. Sankarakumar

N. Ramachandran

# Bankers

State Bank of India ICICI Bank Limited

# Auditors

M/s. Brahmayya & Co., Chennai Chartered Accountants

# **Registered Office**

21, Pattullos Road, Chennai – 600 002

CIN: U67190TN2004PLC052384

LGF SERVICES LIMITED

LGF SERVICES LIMITED

A wholly owned subsidiary of



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# **Board's Report**

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Your Directors present the Twenty first Annual Report and Audited Accounts for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025.

# **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

	Year	Year
Particulars	ended	ended
Particulars	March	March 31,
	31, 2025	2024
Revenue for	0.00	0.02
Operations	0.00	0.02
Other Income	19.05	18.97
Total Revenue	19.05	18.99
Total	7.74	3.71
Expenditure	7.74	5.71
Tax Expense	2.85	3.85
Profit after tax	8.46	11.44
Dividend	10.00	7.50
Balance	7.85	9.39
carried over	7.65	9.39

# **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During the year, the profit/ loss after tax for the year was at ₹8.46 lakhs as against ₹11.43 lakhs in the previous year.

# DIVIDEND

Your directors are happy to recommend a dividend of  $\exists$ /- per share (30% on the face value of  $\exists$ 10/-) for the financial year 2024-25 on the paid-up capital of  $\exists$ 25.00 lakhs, as against  $\exists$ 4/- per share (40% on the face value of  $\exists$ 10/-) in the previous year. The dividend absorbs a sum of  $\exists$ 7.50 lakhs.

# DIRECTORS

Mr. N. Ramachandran, Director, retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-election. Necessary resolution is submitted for your approval.

# NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

During the year under review, 4 meetings of the Board of Directors were held.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Your directors confirm that:

- In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- The Company has selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for that period;
- Proper and sufficient care has been exercised for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- The annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis; and

5. Proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

# PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The balances of investments at the end of the financial year under review amounted to ₹45.38 lakhs (PY ₹221.23 lakhs). The Company has not given any loans or provided any guarantees.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the year, the Company has not entered into any materially significant related party transactions requiring approval of the shareholders. All transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. Form AOC-2 as required under Section 134 (3) (h) of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts Rules) 2014, is attached as part of this report vide Annexure A.

#### **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

As required under Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12 (1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, an extract of the Annual Return in Form MGT 7 as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, is enclosed vide Annexure B.

# DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS

During the year under review, no significant material orders were passed by the regulators, courts, or tribunals against the Company, impacting its going concern status or its future operations.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

No such transaction has occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of the report.

INFORMATION AS PER SECTION 134(3)(m) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 8 OF THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS), RULES, 2014

Your Company has no activity relating to conservation of energy or technology absorption. Your Company did not have any foreign exchange earnings or outgo during the year.

# DEPOSITS

Your Company has not accepted any public deposit during the period under review.

# AUDITORS

M/s. Brahmayya & Co, Chartered Accountants, Chennai, retire and are eligible for reappointment. A certificate from the Auditors that they satisfy the conditions prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made

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thereunder (including satisfaction of criteria under Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013), has been received from them.

#### M. Ramaswamy Director

K. Sankarakumar Director

N. Ramachandran Director

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors thank the holding company, Sundaram Finance Limited for its support. Chennai 600 002 Date: May 15, 2025

# <u> Annexure – A</u>

# Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub–section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8 (2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in Sub–Section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

All transactions entered into by the Company during the year with related parties were on an arm's length basis.

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis: NIL

- (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:
- (b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions:
- (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions:
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:
- (e) Date(s) of approval of Board, if any:
- (f) Amount paid as advances, if any:

M. Ramaswamy Director

K. Sankarakumar Director

N. Ramachandran Director

Chennai 600 002 Date: May 15, 2025

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### To the Members of LGF Services Limited

#### **Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

#### 1. Opinion

We have audited the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements of **LGF Services Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of Changes in Equity and statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025 and profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# 2. Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# 3. Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report ther Teyopne. text here

Our opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# LGF SERVICES LIMITED

# 4. Responsibility of Management for Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing detecting frauds and and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and and design, prudent; implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the and completeness accuracy of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair free view and are from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

# 5. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.  b) Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the

Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,

including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# 6. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

i) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" to this report a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

- ii) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to

the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the

explanations given to us, this clause is not applicable, as the company has not incurred any expenditure towards managerial remuneration.

- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 16.13 to the financial statements.
  - (ii) The Company did not have any longterm contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - (iii) There are no amounts which are required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - (iv) a) The management has represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts. no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate

Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

- b) The management has represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company any persons or entities, from including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries. and
- c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to their notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) as specified above contain any material misstatements.
- (v) As stated in Note 16.6 to the standalone financial statements
  - a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act.

b) The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The

amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act.

(vi) Based on our examination, which includes test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statu6to6ry requirements for record retention.

> For Brahmayya & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No.000511S

Place: Chennai Date: May 15,2025

> L. Ravi Sankar Partner Membership No. 025929 UDIN: 25025929BMRJSJ6431

# "Annexure - A" to the Auditors' Report

# Referred to in Paragraph 6 of Our Report of Even Date

- i.The Company does not have any Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets and hence, reporting under clause 3(i)(a) to (d) of the Order is not applicable
  - e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii.a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs.5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. Based on our examination of records and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or

any other parties. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii) (a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable.

- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loan to its directors and has not made any investment, provided any guarantee or security as envisaged in section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 respectively. hence reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- v.Based on our examination of records and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act relevant rules and the made thereunder. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii.a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Income Tax, Cess and other statutory dues

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applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues

outstanding as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

 b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2025 on account of disputes are given below:

Nature of Dues	Amoun t (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Income Tax	7,58,04 0/-	Assessment Year 2011- 12	Assessing Officer

- viii. Based on our examination of records and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, as income during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(viii) of the order does not arise.
- ix.a) Based on our examination of the records of the Company and according to the information and explanations give to us and, the Company has not availed any loans or other borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the order does not arise.

 b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(b) of the order does not arise.

- c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any term loans during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the order does not arise.
- d) Based on our examination of records of the company and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise any funds during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the order does not arise. 66
- e) Based on our examination of records of the company and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associate companies. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the order does not arise.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary companies. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the order does not arise.

x.a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither raised during the year any money by way of initial public offer or further

> public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the order does not arise.

- b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares/ fully or partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the order does not arise.
- xi.a) To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
  - b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to

us, the Company is not a Nidhi company as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii)(a),(b),(c) of the Order does not arise.

- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. In our opinion and based on examination of records of the company, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
- xv.According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company during the year, the Company has not entered into noncash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the order does not arise.
- xvi.a) Based on the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, the Company is not

required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

- b) Based on the information and explanations given to us and the audit procedures performed by us, we report that the Group has one exempted Core Investment Company.
- xvii. Based on our examination of the records and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year. Accordingly reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the order does not arise.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance

sheet as and when they fall due within a period

of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx. In our opinion and based on the examination of the records, the company is not required to spent any amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), as the company has not exceeded the threshold limits specified in Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

> **For Brahmayya & Co. Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn. No.000511S

Place: Chennai Date: May 15, 2025

> L. Ravi Sankar Partner Membership No. 025929 UDIN: 25025929BMRJSJ6431

# "Annexure - B" to the Auditors' Report

#### Referred to in Paragraph 6 of Our Report of Even Date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of LGF Services Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal **Financial Controls over Financial Reporting** ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business. including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit internal financial controls, of both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS

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financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that. in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of acquisition, unauthorised use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of material controls. misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become because of changes inadequate in conditions. or that the degree of policies compliance with the or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

> For Brahmayya & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No.000511S

Place: Chennai Date: May 15, 2025

> L. Ravi Sankar Partner Membership No. 025929 UDIN: 25025929BMRJSJ6431

# LGF SERVICES LIMITED

#### LGF SERVICES LTD Balance sheet as at 31st Mar 2025

Particulars ASSETS Non Current Assets	Note	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024
Non Current Assets			-
(a) Property, plant and equipment		-	-
(b) Other intangible assets		-	-
(c) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	2	1,560	1,560
(ii) Others		-	-
(e) Other Non Current Assets		-	-
Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	3	45,37,827	2,21,23,480
(ii) Trade Receivables		-	
(iii) Cash and Cash equivalents	4	2,76,885	76,633
(iv) Bank Deposits	5	1,75,50,160	-
(b) Current tax assets (Net)	6	1,29,75,878	1,29,05,983
(c) Deferred tax assets (Net)	10	46,060	44,735
(d) Other Current Assets	7	-	3,36,077
Total Assets		3,53,88,370	3,54,88,468
Total Assets		3,33,00,370	3,34,00,400
EOUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			1
(a) Equity share capital	8	25,00,000	25,00,000
(b) Other equity	9	3,25,34,370	3,26,88,468
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities (b) Provisions		-	-
(c) Deferred tax Liability(Net)	10	-	-
	10	-	
(d) Other Non Current Liabilities		-	-
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			-
(i)Trade Payables			-
(A) Total outstanding dues of Small			
Enterprises and Micro enterprises		-	-
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other			
than Small enterprises and Micro enterprises		-	-
(ii)Other financial liabilities	11	3,24,000	2,70,000
(b) Other Current Liabilities	12	30,000	30,000
(c) Provisions		-	-
Total Equity and Liabilities	+	3,53,88,370	3,54,88,468

Material Accounting Policies and Notes to the Accounts - 1 to 16

For **Brahmayya & Co.,** Chartered Accountants Registration Number.000511S

**M Ramaswamy** Director **K Sankarakumar** Director

**L Ravi Sankar** Partner Membership No.25929

Place : Chennai Date: May 15, 2025

#### LGF SERVICES LTD Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st Mar 2025

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st Mar 2025			in (₹)
Particulars	Note	2024-25	2023-24
Revenue from operations	13	-	1,797
Other Income	14	19,04,624	18,97,571
Total Income		19,04,624	18,99,368
Expenses	15	772650	2 70 007
Other expenses Total expenses	15	7,73,650 7,73,650	3,70,887 3,70,887
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax Exceptional items		11,30,974 -	15,28,481 -
Profit/(loss) before tax		11,30,974	15,28,481
Tax expense 1. Current tax 2. Deferred tax <b>Total tax</b>		2,86,396 (1,324) <b>2,85,072</b>	5,75,775 (1,91,194) <b>3,84,581</b>
Profit/(loss) after tax for the period		8,45,902	11,43,900
<ul> <li>Other Comprehensive Income</li> <li>A (i). Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans</li> <li>A (ii). Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</li> <li>Sub-total (A) = (i)+(ii)</li> </ul>		-	-
B (i). Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
B (ii). Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Sub-total (B)= (i)+(ii)		-	-
Other Comprehensive Income (A + B)		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		8,45,902	11,43,900
<b>Earnings per equity share</b> Basic Diluted		3.38 3.38	4.58 4.58

Material Accounting Policies and Notes to the Accounts - 1 to 16

As per our report of even date attached

For **Brahmayya & Co.,** Chartered Accountants Registration Number.000511S

**L Ravi Sankar** Partner Membership No.25929

Place : Chennai Date: May 15, 2025 **M Ramaswamy** Director **K Sankarakumar** Director

#### LGF Services Ltd Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended 31st Mar 2025

#### (A) Equity share capital

	in (₹)
Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 31st Mar 2023	25,00,000
Changes in equity share capital during the period	-
Balance as at 31st Mar 2024	25,00,000
Changes in equity share capital during the period	-
Balance as at 31st Mar 2025	25,00,000

#### (R) Other equity

	Reserves and Surplus		Total
Particulars	General Reserve	General Reserve Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	3,17,49,121	5,45,447	3,22,94,568
Profit After tax for the year	-	11,43,900	11,43,900
Dividend	-	(7,50,000)	(7,50,000)
Balance as at 31st March 2024	3,17,49,121	9,39,347	3,26,88,468
Profit after tax for the year	-	8,45,902	8,45,902
Dividend	-	(10,00,000)	(10,00,000)
Balance as at 31st Mar 2025	3,17,49,121	7,85,249	3,25,34,370

Material Accounting Policies and Notes to the Accounts - 1 to 16

As per our report of even date attached

For Brahmayya & Co., **Chartered Accountants** Registration Number .000511S **M Ramaswamy** Director

K Sankarakumar Director

L Ravi Sankar Partner Membership No.25929

Place : Chennai Date: May 15, 2025

#### LGF Services Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 31st Mar 2025

		Mar 31,	2025	Mar	31,2024
A)	Cash flow from operating activities				
	Profit before tax from continuing operations	11,30,974		15,28,481	
	Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations	-		-	
	Profit before tax	11,30,974		15,28,481	
	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash used in				
	operating activities				
	(Gain)/Loss on Fair valuation of Investments	5,265		7,59,245	
	(Gain)/loss on Sale of Investments	(1,33,948)		(14,13,031)	
	Interest on Income Tax refund			(4,400)	
	Interest on Deposits	(8,36,017)		(70,594)	
	Interest On Debentures	(9,31,966)		(11,68,791)	
	Profit on sale of NCD	(7,958)			
	Impairment On Investments	(19,294)		19,294	
	Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes		(7,92,944)		(3,49,796)
	Working capital adjustments				
	(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade and other receivables	-		-	
	(Increase)/Decrease in Bank deposits	(1,75,00,000)			
	(Increase)/ Decrease in Loans and Advances			-	
	(Increase)/ Decrease in Other assets	99,797		54,790	
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Payables and Financial liabilities	54,000			
	Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions and Other liabilities	-		-	
	Cash generated from operations		(1,73,46,203)		54,790
	Income Tax paid		(1,20,000)		(4,60,000)
	Net cash flows from operating activities (A)		(1,82,59,147)		(7,55,006)
B)	Cash flow from investing activities				
-	Purchase of Current Investments	(1,17,30,000)		(2,16,47,704)	
	Sale of Current Investments	2,88,25,377	1,70,95,377	2,22,84,000	6,36,296
	Interest On Debentures	,, -,-	15,78,164	, ,- ,	8,19,000
	Interest On Deposits		7,85,858		63,535
	Net cash flows from investing activities (B)		1,94,59,399		15,18,831
C)	Cash flow from financing activities				
-,	Dividend Paid		(10,00,000)		(7,50,000)
	Net cash flows from financing activities (C)		(10,00,000)		(7,50,000)
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,00,252		13,825
	(A)+(B)+(C)				
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		76,633		62,808
	<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b> Components of Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		2,76,885		76,633
	Current Account with Banks		2,76,885		76,633
	Cash,Stamps and Stamp Papers on Hand		-		-

Material Accounting Policies and Notes to the Accounts - 1 to 16

As per our report of even date attached

For **Brahmayya & Co.,** Chartered Accountants Registration Number.000511S **M Ramaswamy** Director **K Sankarakumar** Director

**L Ravi Sankar** Partner Membership No.25929

Place : Chennai Date: May 15, 2025

# **Corporate information**

LGF Services Limited ('the Company') is a Public Limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India, having Corporate Identification Number U67190TN2004PLC052384 with its registered office located at No.21, Patullos Road, Chennai – 600002. The Company is primarily engaged in distribution business.

# **Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. In addition, the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations requires a different treatment.

All figures reported in the financial statements and related notes are rounded off to the nearest rupee.

# 1. Material Accounting Policies

# **1.1 Accounting Convention**

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

# **1.2 Operating Cycle**

The assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current based on 12 month operating cycle.

# **1.3 Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is entitled in exchange for those goods or services, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment.

Income in respect of services rendered and brokerage is accounted on accrual basis.

#### Other income:

For all debt instruments measured at amortized cost, interest income is recognized on time proportion basis, taking into account the amount outstanding and effective interest rate.

#### 1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents consist of deposits with banks.

# **1.5 Measurement of fair values**

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities at fair values. The Company has established policies and procedures with respect to measurement of fair values.

Fair value measurements are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

• Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data.

#### **1.6 Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset for one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument for another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Financial assets**

#### Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortized cost or fair value depending on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

# At Amortized Cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost only if both of the following conditions are met:

#### **LGF Services Limited**

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** For the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025

(i) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold them in order to collect contractual cash flows and

(ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding.

Such Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. The interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss and the amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses.

#### At Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. In addition, the Company may elect to classify a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

#### **Equity Investments**

Equity investments (i.e. other than equity investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint ventures) are designated at Fair Value Through OCI. The fair value changes on the

instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss on sale of investment.

#### **Financial liabilities**

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method except for financial liabilities at FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as FVTPL if it is held-for-trading or it is a derivative or it is designated as FVTPL on initial recognition.

#### **1.7 Income Taxes**

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in OCI.

#### **Current tax**

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax comprises the tax payable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- b) Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and based on management's judgment, are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### Current and Deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 1.8 Dividend

The Dividend on shares is recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the Shareholders.

#### **1.9 Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Company, as a result of a past event, has a present obligation and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation for which a reliable estimate can be made.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured

using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

#### **1.10 Earnings per share**

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### 1.11 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit / (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past of future cash receipts and payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

#### LGF SERVICES LTD Notes to Accounts

Note 2: Investments	31.03.2025	(₹) 31.03.2024
Investment in Equity Instruments(Unquoted) * UMW Industries Ltd (78000 equity shares of Rs.10/- each)	1,560	1,560
TOTAL	1,560	1,560

\*The Company designated the Equity Investments through FVTOCI because the Company intends to hold these investments for long term strategic purposes. As per IND AS 109, Cost has been considered as the best estimate of the fair value.

There were no disposal of investment during the period ended 31st Mar 2025 and 31st Mar 2024 respectively.No dividend received during the period Apr-Mar 2025.

		(₹)
Note 3: Investments	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Investments in Mutual Funds(Unquoted)		
Sundaram Money Fund-Direct -Growth Opening units-Nil Closing Units-Nil	-	-
Sundaram Banking and PSU Debt Fund-Direct -Growth Opening units- Nil Closing Units- Nil	-	-
Sundaram Liquid Fund-Direct -Growth Opening Units- 492.094 Closing Units- 823.564	18,87,386	10,49,319
Aditya Birla Sun Life Low Duration Fund-Direct -Growth Opening units-727.972 Closing units-211.393	1,50,441	4,79,837
Investments in Deposit		
Sundaram Finance Limited - FD - 555 Days Scheme	25,00,000	25,00,000
Investments in Debentures		
9.1% Tata International Limited Perpetual	-	1,02,24,438
10% Vivriti Capital Ltd 2025	-	78,89,182
Less: Allowance for Impairment loss	-	(19,294)
TOTAL	45,37,827	2,21,23,480

		(₹)
Note 4: Cash and cash equivalents	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Balances with Banks in Current Accounts	2,76,885	76,633
TOTAL	2,76,885	76,633

		(₹)
Note 5: Bank Deposits	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Deposits with Scheduled Bank	1,75,50,160	
TOTAL	1,75,50,160	-

		(₹)
Note 6: Current tax assets (Net)	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Tax paid under Dispute	34,77,859	34,77,859
Provision for Income Tax	(18,73,653)	(21,63,061)
Advance Income Tax, Tax Refund Due and Tax deducted at Source	1,13,71,672	1,15,91,185
TOTAL	1,29,75,878	1,29,05,983

		(₹)
Note 7: Other Current assets	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Balances with Government authorities	-	3,36,077
TOTAL	-	3,36,077

	0100007	(₹)
Note 8: Equity Share capital	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Authorised capital 2,50,000 Equity shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each	25,00,000	25,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and fully paid-up 2,50,000 Equity shares of face value of ₹10/- each	25,00,000	25,00,000

Reconciliation of number of shares	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,50,000	2,50,000
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-
Less: Shares bought back during the year	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,50,000	2,50,000

#### Details of number of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% shares are set out below:

Name of the Shareholder	Status	No. of Shares	% held as at 31.03.2025	No. of Shares	% held as at 31.03.2025
Sundaram Finance Limited	Holding Company	2,50,000	100	2,50,000	100

#### Shareholders of Promotors

	31-Mar-25		
Name of the Promotors	% of Total during		% Change during the Year
Sundaram Finance Limited*- Holding Company	2,50,000	100	-

\*Includes 6 Shares held by the nominees of Sundaram Finance Limited

	31-Mar-24		
Name of the Promotors	% of Total durin		% Change during the Year
Sundaram Finance Limited*- Holding Company	2,50,000	100	-

\*Includes 6 Shares held by the nominees of Sundaram Finance Limited

		(₹)
Note 9: Other equity	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
a.General Reserve		
Opening balance	3,17,49,121	3,17,49,121
Add: Transfer from Surplus in the Statement	-,,	-,,
of Profit and Loss	-	-
At the end of the year	3,17,49,121	3,17,49,121
b. Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Opening balance	9,39,346	5,45,446
Add: Profit for the year/period	8,45,902	11,43,900
Less : Appropriations		
Statutory Reserve	-	-
General Reserve	-	-
Dividend		
Interim	-	-
Final	10,00,000	7,50,000
Dividend Tax	-	-
At the end of the year	7,85,249	9,39,346
TOTAL	3,25,34,370	3,26,88,468

Note 10: Deferred tax liability(Net)/(Asset)	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Fair Valuation of Mutual Funds	24,693	26,015
Business loss	(70,754)	(70,754
TOTAL	(46,060)	(44,738
		(₹)
Note 11: Other financial liabilities	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Other Liabilities	3,24,000	2,70,000
TOTAL	3,24,000	2,70,000
		(₹)
Note 12: Other Current Liabilities	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Other Liabilities	30,000	30,001
TOTAL	30,000	30,001

# LGF SERVICES LTD **Notes to Accounts**

		(₹)
Note 13: Revenue from operations	Apr-Mar 25	Apr-Mar 24
Brokerage	-	1,797
TOTAL	-	1,797

		(₹)
Note 14: Other Income	Apr-Mar 25	Apr-Mar 24
Interest Income	8,36,017	70,594
Interest On Tax Refund		4,400
Interest Income - NCD	9,31,966	11,68,791
Profit on sale of Mutual funds	1,33,948	14,13,031
Profit on sale of NCD	7,958	
Fair Value change in Mutual Fund	(5,265)	(7,59,245)
0		
TOTAL	19,04,624	18,97,571

		(₹)
Note 15: Other Expenses	Apr-Mar 25	Apr-Mar 24
Rates and taxes	8,500	6,500
Audit fees	3,54,000	3,00,000
Impairment on financial instruments	(19,294)	19,294
Miscellaneous expenses	4,30,444	45,093
_		
TOTAL	7,73,650	3,70,887

#### **16 GENERAL**

- 16.1 There are no seperate reportable segments as per Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 108 'Segment Reporting'.
- 16.2 The Company's Capital Management strategy is to ensure that it has sufficent capital for Investment Management, regulatory requirements and to provide reasonable return to shareholders
- 16.3 Related Party disclosures: In accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 24 on 'Related Party disclosures', the details of related parties and the transactions with related parties are given below:

#### **Related Parties:**

#### Holding Company:

Sundaram Finance Limited

#### **Fellow Subsidiaries:**

Sundaram Asset Management Company Limited Sundaram Trustee Company Limited Sundaram Asset Management Singapore Pte Limited Sundaram Alternate Assets Limited Sundaram Finance Employees Welfare Trust Sundaram Home Finance Ltd Sundaram Fund Services Ltd

#### Joint Venture of Company having control over the entity

Royal Sundaram General Insurance Co. Ltd

#### **Related Party Transactions**

The nature and volume of transactions of the company during the period, with the above related parties are as follows:

				in (₹)
Nature of Transactions	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	2024-25	2023-24
Income	-	-	-	-
Sundaram Finance Ltd				
Interest On Fixed Deposit	1,88,250	-	1,88,250	70,594.00
Expenses	-	-	-	-
Assets		-	-	-
Sundaram Finance Ltd.				
Fixed Deposits - 555 days Scheme	25,00,000		25,00,000	25,00,000
Liabilities				
Sundaram Finance Ltd.				
- Equity Share Holdings	25,00,000	-	25,00,000	25,00,000
Dividend paid	10,00,000	-	10,00,000	7,50,000

No amount has been written off/written back during the period.

#### 16.4 Remuneration to Auditors

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Statutory Audit	3,00,000.00	3,00,000.00
Tax Audit Fee	-	-
Certification Fee	-	-
Total	3,00,000.00	3,00,000.00

#### 16.5 A. Basic Earning per share

The calculation of profit attributable to equity shareholder weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for Calculation of Basic EPS are as follows:

#### i. Profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders (basic)

	Year Ended 31st Mar 25	Year Ended 31st Mar 24
Particulars	in Rs. Lakhs	in Rs. Lakhs
Profit attributable to equity shareholder	8.46	11.44

#### ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (basic)

Particualrs	Year Ended 31st Mar 25	Year Ended 31st Mar 24
Face Value Per Share in Rs	10.00	10.00
Opening Balance	2,50,000.00	2,50,000.00
Weighted average number of equity shares issued		
during the year upon exercise of ESOP	-	-
Weighted average number of equity shares for the year	2,50,000.00	2,50,000.00
Basic EPS	3.38	4.58

#### B. Diluted Earning per share

The calculation of diluted earning per share profit attributable to equity shareholder weighted average number of equity shares outstanding, after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares, are as follows:

#### i. Profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders (diluted)

	Year EndedYear Ended31st Mar 2531st Mar	
Particulars	in Rs. Lakhs	in Rs. Lakhs
Profit attributable to equity shareholder (Basic)	8.46	11.44
Adjustment with respect to dilutive potential equity shar	-	-
Profit attributable to equity shareholder	8.46	11.44

#### ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (diluted)

Particualrs	Year Ended 31st Mar 25	Year Ended 31st Mar 24
Face Value Per Share in Rs	10.00	10.00
Weighted average number of equity shares (Basic)	2,50,000.00	2,50,000.00
Dilutive effect of outstanding stock options	-	-
Weighted average number of equity shares for the year		
(diluted) for the period	2,50,000.00	2,50,000.00
Diluted EPS	3.38	4.58

#### 16.6 Dividend per Share

The Board of Directors declared:

i) Final dividend Rs. 4 per share for FY 2023 - 24 at its meeting held on 20th May 2024

	Year Ended 31st Mar 25	Year Ended 31st Mar 24
Particualrs	In Rs. Lakhs	In Rs. Lakhs
Total dividend Paid (excluding tax on dividend) (A)	10.00	7.50
Dividend Tax	-	-
No of equity shares (B)	2,50,000.00	2,50,000.00
Dividend per Share (A/B)	4.00	3.00

The board of directors at its meeting held on 15th May 2025 have proposed a final dividend of Rs. 3/- per equity share, Subject to approval by shareholders at ensuring annual general meeting

#### 16.7 Disclosure under MSME Development Act, 2006

There is no amount due to small scale industries in terms of "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006"

Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
a) Principal amount and the interest due to Suppliers under the Act	-	-
b) Interest paid to Suppliers in terms of Section 16 of the Act, along with payment made beyond the appointed day	-	-
c) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Act	-	-
d) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
e) Further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date, when interest dues above are actually paid in the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the Act	-	-

16.8

The Company has exercised the option given under section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act 1961 as per the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019. Tax provision for the year ended has been recognized at the rate prescribed in that section.

#### 16.9 Reconciliation of Tax Expense

		in (₹)
	2024-25	2023-24
Profit Before tax	11,30,974	15,28,481
Tax using Company's Domestic Tax Rate	2,84,644	3,84,688
DT Effect		
Rounding Off	30	(107)
Expenses Disallowance		
Business Loss	-	
Capital Gain-Mutual Fund scheme merger		
Others	398	
Tax Expense Recognized	2,85,072	3,84,581

#### 16.10 Accounting Classifications, Fair value and Fair Value Hierarchy

#### Accounting Classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

					in (₹)
		Ca	rrying amount (Cost)		
As at 31 March 2025	Mandatorily at FVTPL:Others	Other financial assets: amortized cost	Other financial assets: recognized through OCI	Total carrying amount:Cost	Fair value
Financial assets					
Equity Investments	-	-	1,560	1,560	1,560
Mutual fund investments	19,39,712	-	-	19,39,712	20,37,828
Investments in Deposit	25,00,000			25,00,000	25,00,000
Investments in Bank Deposit	1,75,00,000			1,75,00,000	1,75,50,160
Investments in Debentures	-			-	
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	2,76,885	-	2,76,885	2,76,885
Financial Liabilities					
Other Financial Liabilities	-	3,24,000	-	3,24,000	3,24,000

\* Impairment of Financial instuments adjusted in Fair Value

					in (₹)
		Carrying amount (Cost)			
As at 31 March 2024	Mandatorily at FVTPL:Others	Other financial assets: amortized cost	Other financial assets: recognized through OCI	Total carrying amount:Cost	Fair value
Financial assets					
Equity Investments	-	-	1,560	1,560	1,560
Mutual fund investments	14,25,777	-	-	14,25,777	15,29,155
Investments in Deposit	25,00,000	-	-	25,00,000	25,00,000
Investments in Debentures*	1,75,00,000	-	-	1,75,00,000	1,79,78,349
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents		76,633		76,633	76,633
Employee Loans					
Financial Liabilities					
Other Financial Liabilities	-	2,70,000	-	2,70,000	2,70,000

\* Impairment of Financial instuments adjusted in Fair Value

#### Fair Value hierarchy

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1 hierarchy - Includes Financial Instruments measured using quoted prices in the active market.

**Level 2 hierarchy** - The Fair value of Financial Instruments that are not traded in an active market, is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data.

**Level 3 hierarchy** - includes Financial Instruments for which one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data. This is applicable for unlisted securities.

			in (₹)
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 31 March 2025			
Financial assets :			
Equity investments at FVTOCI	-	-	1,560
Mutual fund investments at FVTPL	20,37,828	-	-
Investments in Deposit			25,00,000
Investments in Bank Deposit			1,75,50,160
Investments in Debentures*			-
Cash and cash equivalents measured at Amortized cost	2,76,885	-	-
Financial Liabilities:			
Other Financial Liabilities	3,24,000	-	-
As at 31 March 2024			
Financial assets :			
Equity investments at FVTOCI	-	-	1,560
Mutual fund investments at FVTPL	15,29,155	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents measured at Amortized cost	1,79,78,349	-	-
Financial Liabilities:			
Other Financial Liabilities	2,70,000	-	-

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#### 16.11 Financial Risk Management

The Company's business activities are exposed to liquidity risk. The Risk management policies have been established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review and reflect the changes in the policy accordingly.

#### **Management of Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

#### Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date.

		Contractual cash flows						
31-Mar-25	Upto 3 months			-	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Total	
Other Financial Liabilities	3,24,000	-	-	-	-	-	3,24,000	

	Contractual cash flows						
31-Mar-24	Unto 3 months			Over 1 year & upto 3 years	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Total
Other Financial Liabilities	2,70,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,70,000

#### Maturity profile of financial assets

The following are the contractual maturities of financial assets at the reporting date.

	Contractual cash flows						in (₹)
31-Mar-25	Unto 3 months			Over 1 year & upto 3 years	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Total
Investments	20,37,828	-	-	-	-	-	20,37,828
Investments in Deposit	25,00,000	-	-	-	-	-	25,00,000
Investments in Bank Deposit	-	1,00,00,000	-	75,00,000	-	-	1,75,00,000
Investments in Debentures*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

_			Contractual cash flows						
	31-Mar-24	Unto 3 months			Over 1 year & upto 3 years	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Total	
	Investments	15,29,155	-	-	-	-	-	15,29,155	

#### 16.12 Analytical Ratios

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	Rat	tios	% Variance	Reason for Variance	
Paruculars	Numerator	Denominator	31.03.2025	31.03.2024	% variance		
a) Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	99.96 118.14		-15%	Liability Created Including GST for Audit Fee. Reversal of GST Receivable	
b) Debt-equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	NA	NA	NA	NA	
c) Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings available for debt service	Debt Service	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d) Return on equity ratio	Net Profit after tax	Average Shareholder's Equity	3%	3%	-26%	Interest Income on NCD, Deposits & Profit on Sale of Investment in FY 24-25	
e) Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA	NA	
f) Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Trade Receivables	NA	NA	NA	NA	
g) Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	NA	NA	NA	NA	
h) Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales	Average working capital	NA	NA	NA	No Brokerage Income	
i) Net profit ratio	Net Profit	Net Sales	-	-	-	No Brokerage Income	
j) Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Shareholders Equity - Intangible Assets + Deferred tax liability	3%	4%	-26%	Interest Income on NCD, Deposits & Profit on Sale of Investment in FY 24-25	
k) Return on investment	Income generated from investments	Average Investments	862%	215%	301%	NA	

- 16.13 The pending litigations as on 31st Mar 2025, have been complied by the company and reviewed by the Statutory Auditors. The effect of the current position of the litigations have been evaluated and appropriately considered and disclosed in the financial statements.
- 16.14 The Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 16.15 The company has not entered into any non cash transactions with the Board of directors during the year 2024-25.
- 16.16 There are no contingent liabilities and contingent assets during the year.
- 16.17 Relationship with Struck off Companies :Nil
- 16.18 The Company do not have any Benami property.

#### 16.19 Utilisation of Borrowed funds and Share Premium

The Company has not advanced (or) loaned (or) invested funds (either borrowed funds or Share Premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) anytime during the Financial year 2024-25.

The company has not received any fund from any person or entity, including foreign entity (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company has to directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

#### 16.20 Undisclosed income

There is no surrender or disclosure of income separately on account of search or survey under income tax since all transactions are recorded in books.

#### 16.21 Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

Company has neither traded nor invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.

16.22 Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to the current year's presentation.

Signatures to Schedules 1 to 16

As per our report of even date attached

For **Brahmayya & Co.,** Chartered Accountants Registration Number.000511S M Ramaswamy Director **K Sankarakumar** Director

**L Ravi Sankar** Partner Membership No.25929

Place : Chennai Date: May 15, 2025